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A	
B	
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TOTAL	

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INITIALS	SURNAME

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION BAHAMAS JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION 2025

0065 SOCIAL STUDIES

PAPER 2 (110 Marks)

Thursday **29 May 2025** 1:00 P.M.–3:00 P.M.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your school number, candidate number, initials and surname in the spaces provided in the question booklet.

For Section A circle the letter which represents the correct answer in the booklet.

Answer **ALL** questions in **Section B** and **C** in the spaces provided in the question booklet.

There are **SIX** source-based questions in **Section D**. Answer question **D1** and any other **THREE** questions from this section, in the spaces provided. The questions are divided into several parts.



This question paper consists of **25** printed pages and **3** blank pages.

SECTION A

MULTIPLE CHOICE (50 marks)

INSTRUCTIONS: Circle the letter which represents the correct answer in this booklet. Each correct answer is worth 1 mark.

1. From which religious denomination did the Eleutheran Adventurers break away?
 - A. Anglican
 - B. Baptist
 - C. Catholic
 - D. Pentecost
2. What was the name of the cave where the Eleutheran Adventurers took refuge?
 - A. Blackbeard's Cave
 - B. Preacher's Cave
 - C. Morgan's Cave
 - D. Sayle's Cave
3. The Eleutheran Adventurers faced several problems **EXCEPT** which of the following?
 - A. The land was difficult to farm
 - B. The land grant failed to create an equal distribution of land
 - C. They were shipwrecked and lost most of their supplies
 - D. They were constantly attacked by pirates
4. What is another name for longitude lines?
 - A. Degrees
 - B. Meridians
 - C. Parallels
 - D. Bearings
5. Areas of very dry land are referred to as _____
 - A. Mangrove
 - B. Plain
 - C. Savana
 - D. Desert
6. Which of the following maps is drawn to show the boundaries that separate different countries?
 - A. Contour Map
 - B. Land Use Map
 - C. Physical Map
 - D. Political Map
7. In what year did women vote for the first time?
 - A. 1949
 - B. 1953
 - C. 1962
 - D. 1971



8. The Labour Day holiday in The Bahamas is named in honor of _____
- A. Sir Stafford Sands
 - B. Sir Randol Fawkes
 - C. Sir Arthur Foulkes
 - D. Sir Alvin Braynen
9. What do we call persons who fought for slavery to end?
- A. Abolitionists
 - B. Apprentices
 - C. Protectors
 - D. Electorates
10. What type of climate does The Bahamas generally experience?
- A. Continental
 - B. Tropical
 - C. Mediterranean
 - D. Polar
11. Which place in The Bahamas is known for its pink sand beaches?
- A. The Abacos
 - B. The Exumas
 - C. Harbour Island
 - D. Cat Island
12. During which period was Proprietary Government practiced in The Bahamas?
- A. 1648–1670
 - B. 1670–1718
 - C. 1718–1773
 - D. 1773–2008
13. Which of the following is considered a traditional Bahamian craft?
- A. Pottery Making
 - B. Glass Blowing
 - C. Wood Carving
 - D. Metal Working
14. The University of The Bahamas is an example of _____
- A. Tertiary Education
 - B. Primary Education
 - C. Secondary Education
 - D. Trade and Vocational Education
15. What is the name of the first written constitution of The Bahamas?
- A. Royalist and Orders
 - B. Articles and Orders
 - C. Eleutheran Constitution
 - D. First Constitution

16. What is the name of the largest national park in The Bahamas?
- A. Lucayan National Park
 - B. West Side National Park
 - C. Inagua National Park
 - D. Exuma Cays Land and Sea Park
17. The Bahamas became a haven for pirates **EXCEPT** for which of the following?
- A. The location of The Bahamas provided access to passing ships
 - B. The Bahamas had a low population and many deserted islands
 - C. There was a lack of governance
 - D. Woodes Rogers offered a Royal Pardon
18. Which ocean is located near the North Pole?
- A. Pacific Ocean
 - B. Indian Ocean
 - C. Arctic Ocean
 - D. Atlantic Ocean
19. Which of the following is best described as a service industry?
- A. Primary
 - B. Quaternary
 - C. Secondary
 - D. Tertiary
20. A traditional Bahamian musical genre is known as _____
- A. Reggae
 - B. Calypso
 - C. Soca
 - D. Rake N' Scrape
21. What is the role of the Senate?
- A. To approve the national budget
 - B. To review and revise bills to become law
 - C. To propose bills to become law
 - D. To appoint the Prime Minister
22. Those who supported American independence were known as _____
- A. Loyalists
 - B. Confederates
 - C. Patriots
 - D. Generals
23. A popular festival celebrating freedom and culture on Boxing Day and New Year's Day is _____
- A. Regatta
 - B. Crab Fest
 - C. Pineapple Fest
 - D. Junkanoo



24. Which instrument is used to measure atmospheric pressure?
- A. Thermometer
 - B. Barometer
 - C. Hygrometer
 - D. Anemometer
25. What type of landform is characterized by a large, flat area that is elevated above surrounding terrain?
- A. Mountain
 - B. Hill
 - C. Plateau
 - D. Valley
26. The treaty that ended the American War of Independence was called
- A. Treaty of Tordesillas
 - B. Treaty of Versailles
 - C. Treaty of Utrecht
 - D. Treaty of America
27. Which of the following is **NOT** a reason the Loyalists chose to live in The Bahamas?
- A. Close proximity to Florida
 - B. Suitable for sugarcane plantation
 - C. British colony
 - D. Offer of free land in the Family Islands
28. When were slaves emancipated in The Bahamas?
- A. 1833
 - B. 1838
 - C. 1843
 - D. 1848
29. Who is the current Governor General of The Bahamas?
- A. Orville Turnquest
 - B. Ivy Dumont
 - C. Arthur Foulkes
 - D. Cynthia Pratt
30. The word 'Solar' refers to the _____
- A. Eclipse
 - B. Star
 - C. Sun
 - D. Moon
31. Which term best describes a group of islands?
- A. Archipelago
 - B. Cays
 - C. Peninsula
 - D. Isthmus

32. On which island in The Bahamas is Mount Alvernia located?
- A. San Salvador
 - B. Crooked Island
 - C. Rum Cay
 - D. Cat Island
33. The Loyalists set up plantations to grow which of the following products?
- A. Cotton
 - B. Maize
 - C. Sugar
 - D. Tobacco
34. The Bahamas achieved majority rule in _____
- A. 1973
 - B. 1967
 - C. 1834
 - D. 1964
35. What was Blackbeard's real name?
- A. Jack Rackham
 - B. Edward Teach
 - C. Benjamin Hornigold
 - D. Stede Bonnet
36. The part of the hurricane that is associated with calmness is known as the _____
- A. Eye Wall
 - B. Spiral Bands
 - C. Storm Cells
 - D. Eye
37. Bahamians who take vacation within The Bahamas are called _____
- A. Domestic Tourists
 - B. Regional Tourists
 - C. International Tourists
 - D. Foreign Tourists
38. How many hemispheres does the Equator divide the Earth into?
- A. 2
 - B. 4
 - C. 6
 - D. 8
39. Which important line of latitude passes through The Bahamas?
- A. Arctic Circle
 - B. Antarctic Circle
 - C. Tropic of Capricorn
 - D. Tropic of Cancer



40. Which statement best describes Privateers?
- A. Sea robbers who attacked any ship for personal gain
 - B. People who were commissioned to attack enemy ships
 - C. Group of local untrained soldiers
 - D. People who lived independently raising cattle
41. Which colour on a map is usually used to represent a main road?
- A. Red
 - B. Purple
 - C. Pink
 - D. Orange
42. Which of the following islands is Staniel Creek located in?
- A. Abaco
 - B. Andros
 - C. Bimini
 - D. Eleuthera
43. Which Bahamian hero is known for leading the slave revolt in Exuma in 1830?
- A. Pompey
 - B. Cudjoe
 - C. Chippie
 - D. Toussaint
44. Which of the following is the national motto of The Bahamas?
- A. Unity and Diversity
 - B. In God We Trust
 - C. Strength and Beauty
 - D. Forward, Upward, Onward, Together
45. The Senate is made up of _____ members
- A. 10
 - B. 16
 - C. 22
 - D. 28
46. The historical figure known as the Father of the Tourism is _____
- A. Sir Milo Butler
 - B. Sir Lynden Pindling
 - C. Sir Randal Fawkes
 - D. Sir Stafford Sands
47. In which two hemispheres is The Bahamas located?
- A. Western and Eastern Hemispheres
 - B. Western and Northern Hemispheres
 - C. Northern and Southern Hemispheres
 - D. Northern and Eastern Hemispheres

48. Which of the following weather instruments is used to measure wind speed?
- A. Thermometer
 - B. Anemometer
 - C. Barometer
 - D. Hygrometer
49. Which of the following is **NOT** a type of landform?
- A. Ocean
 - B. Valley
 - C. Mountain
 - D. Plateau
50. Which of the following is the correct value of the Equator?
- A. 0°
 - B. 23.5°N
 - C. 66.5°S
 - D. 180°



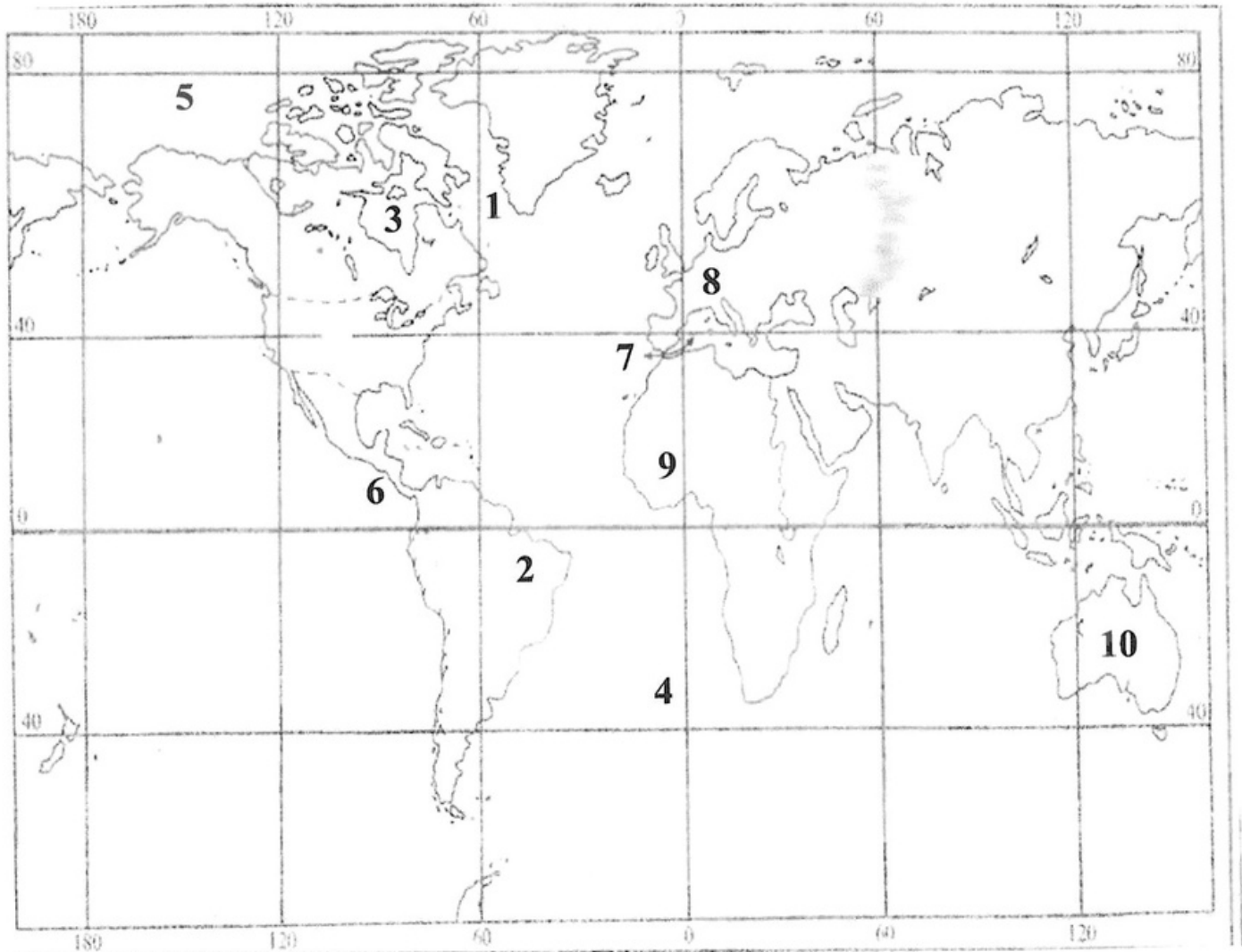
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SECTION B

MAP OF THE WORLD
MATCHING MAP WORK (10 MARKS)

INSTRUCTIONS:

Look at the Map of the World and match the correct letter in **Column B** with the correct number in **Column A**. Each correct answer is worth one (1) mark.



Column A

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Sea
Country
Bay
Line
Ocean
Isthmus
Strait
Mountain
River
Continent

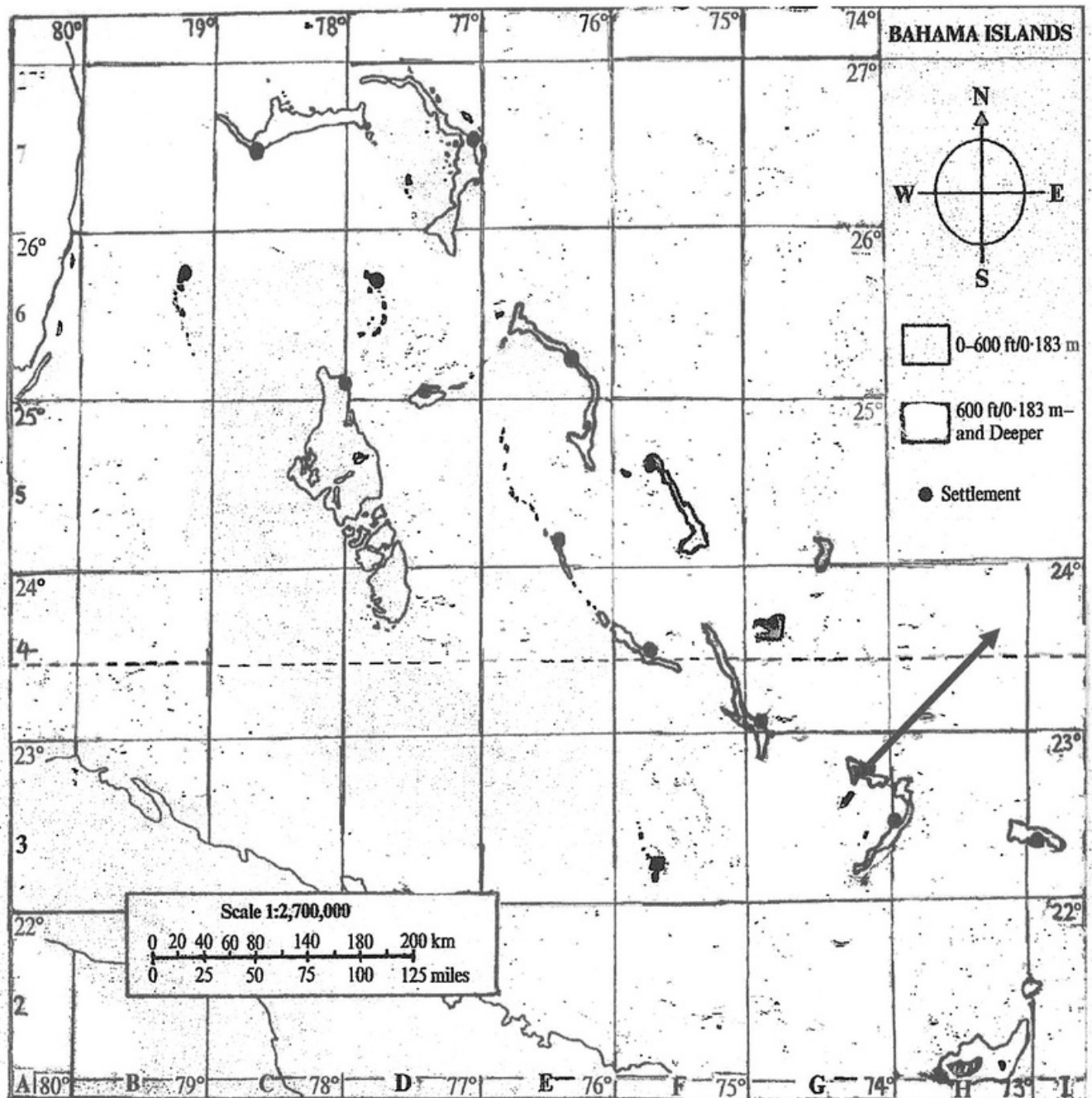
Column B

- A. Hudson
- B. Niger
- C. Panama
- D. Australia
- E. Prime Meridian
- F. Arctic
- G. Canada
- H. Suez
- I. Labrador
- J. Gibraltar
- K. Alps
- L. Brazil

SECTION C

COMPLETION (10 marks)
MAP OF THE BAHAMAS**INSTRUCTIONS:**

Study the map of The Bahamas and then complete the following statements by filling in the blank spaces on page 13 with the correct word(s). Each correct answer is worth one (1) mark.



1. What is the main settlement of Rum Cay? _____
2. What is the name of the nation's capital city? _____
3. What is the distance between Nassau, New Providence and Bullock's Harbour, Berry Island?

4. What is the direction of Arthur's Town, Cat Island from George Town, Exuma? _____
5. What is the body of water located between Crooked Island and Long Island? _____
6. What is the name of the main settlement located at 26.5°N and 77°W? _____
7. What is the direction of Duncan Town, Ragged Island from Alice Town, Bimini? _____
8. What is the name of the main settlement located in block F4? _____
9. What is the value of the longitude coordinate which passes through Andros? _____
10. What is the name of the body of water between Abaco and Eleuthera? _____

SECTION: D

STRUCTURED QUESTIONS (40 marks)

There are **SIX** questions in this section D (I), D (II), D (III), D (IV), D (V) and D (VI)

All Candidates **MUST** answer question **D (I)** and any other **THREE** questions from this section.

Each question has **FOUR** parts. The maximum mark for each part is shown in brackets []

Question D (I) Sponging in The Bahamas

Study Sources **A** and **B**, then answer **ALL** the questions

Source A: An excerpt from book The Making of Bahamas by Don Maples

The sponging industry was first introduced into The Bahamas by a Frenchman, and the first recorded exports of natural sponges were in 1843 when 132 bales were shipped. By 1917, \$492,000 worth of sponges were exported annually from The Bahamas. The main sponging area was the Great Bahama Bank, west of Andros, known as the Mud. Sponges were also obtained near Long Island, Abaco and Exuma. About 600 large vessels made up the sponging fleet.

SOURCE B: Sponging Journey – Courtesy of Timothy Hughes Rare and Early Newspapers



- (a) What is the name of the person who introduced sponging to The Bahamas?

_____ [1]

- (b) State **TWO** processes involved in cleaning sponges:

 _____ [2]

- (c) Describe **THREE** events of a typical sponging trip.

 _____ [3]



-
-
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-
-
- [4]

Question D (II) Citrus Industry

Study sources C and D, and then answer **ALL** questions.

Source C: An Excerpt from the book Social Studies for Secondary Schools Book 3

Bahamians also tried to grow citrus fruits with limited success in the 19th century. Citrus fruit appeared to be the ideal crop to grow in the sub-tropical climate and black loam soil of The Bahamas. Added to this, with Florida experiencing the 'Great Freeze' of 1898 where a devastating cold winter destroyed their crops. Bahamian citrus growers prospered while Florida growers suffered. However, once the Great Freeze ended, Americans reverted to their locally grown fruit suppliers and thus the Bahamian growers lost their market. Bahamian citrus growers were also unable to compete because of transportation problems and poor packaging of the fruit. Often the fruit would be bruised or rotten by the time it reached the market and thus the competitiveness of the product was diminished.

Source D: A 1993 Bahamian Stamp Commemorating the Contract



- (a) Name one island in The Bahamas where citrus is grown.

_____ [1]

- (b) List **TWO** types of citrus fruits grown in The Bahamas.

 _____ [2]

- (c) Describe **THREE** conditions that made citrus production successful in The Bahamas in the 1890's.

 _____ [3]



- (d) 'The citrus industry in The Bahamas today is not profitable.' Do you agree or disagree with this statement? Explain your answer fully.

[4]



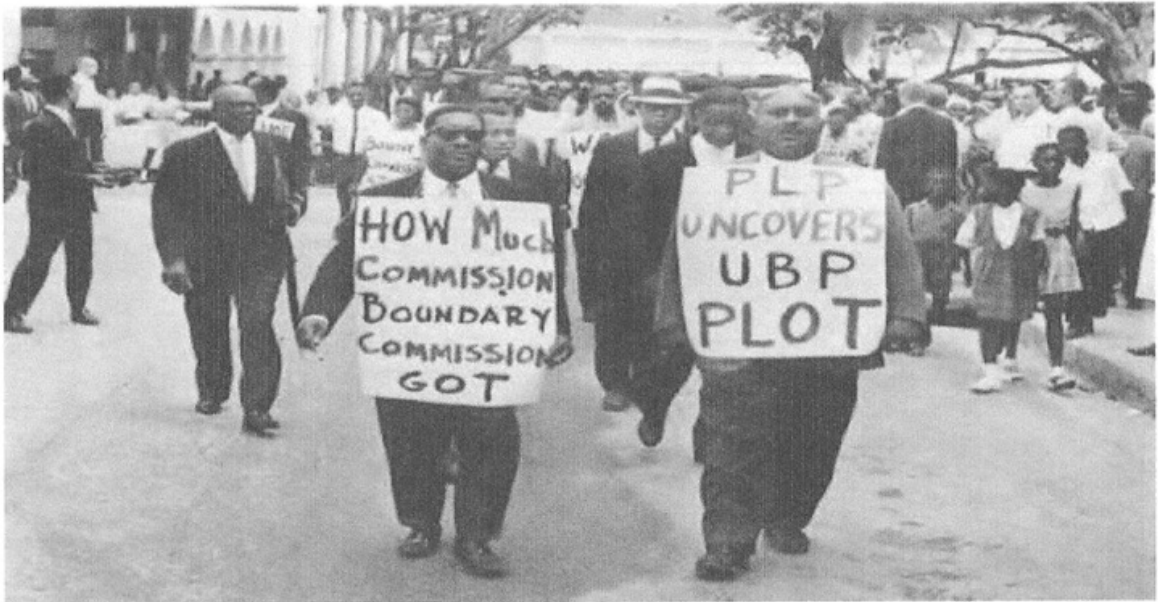
QUESTION D (III) Black Tuesday

Study sources E and F and then answer **ALL** questions.

SOURCE E: An excerpt from the book Social Studies for Secondary Schools Book 3

The leaders of the PLP felt that they needed to make a clear demonstration against the abuses of parliamentary power continued by the ruling UBP. To effectively demonstrate against the UBP's corruption, Pindling threw the Mace, a symbol of British authority, out of the window of the House of Assembly, knowing a crowd of followers had gathered outside the building. The awareness that black Bahamians could be politically involved was evident.

SOURCE F: Courtesy of Bahamas Uncensored



(a) In what year did Black Tuesday Occur?

_____ [1]

(b) Name **TWO** men who had leading roles in the events of Black Tuesday.

 _____ [2]

(c) Describe **THREE** activities that occurred on Black Tuesday.

 _____ [3]



- (d) "The events of Black Tuesday helped to bring about Majority Rule." Do you agree or disagree with this statement? Explain your answer fully.

[4]



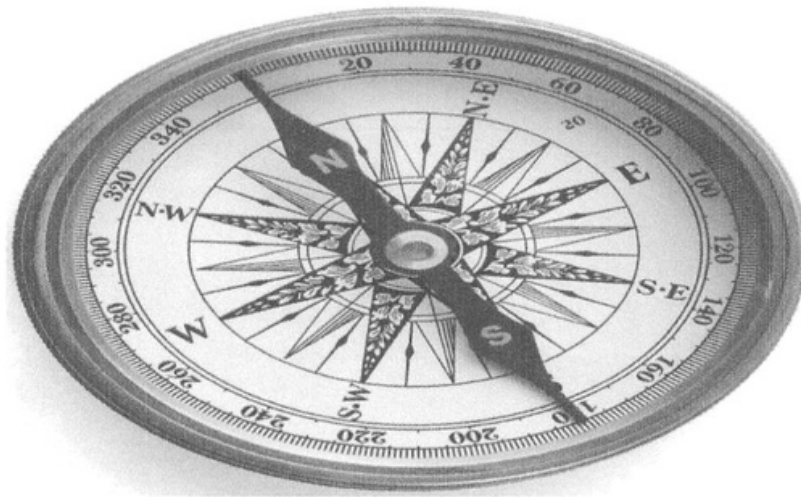
Question D (IV) Navigational Instruments

Study sources **G** and **H** and then answer **ALL** questions.

Source G: An excerpt from article ‘An Analysis of Navigational Instruments in the Age of Exploration’

During the Age of Exploration, navigation evolved from a field filled with superstition into a modern science in Portugal, Spain, and England. The most common navigation instruments utilized and their subsequent innovations are discussed. The refinement of these instruments led to increased accuracy in cartography, safer shipping, and increased trade globally in the period.

Source H: Magnetic Compass – Courtesy of Royal Museums Greenwich



- (a) Which navigational instrument was in use in Europe since the 12th century?
 _____ [1]
- (b) State **TWO** reasons why sailors could not travel far from land before the 15th century.

 _____ [2]
- (c) Name **THREE** navigational instruments used during the Renaissance and describe how they were used.

 _____ [3]



- (d) "The Mediterranean Galley was **NOT** suitable for long ocean voyages." Do you agree or disagree with this statement? Explain your answer fully.

[4]



Question D (V) Maps and Globes

Study sources **I** and **J** and then answer **ALL** questions.

Source I: An excerpt from the book The Bahamas

A map is a flat representation of the spherical earth, or some part of it, designed to show certain features such as physical or political features. The globe represents the shape of the earth more accurately, but is far less convenient to carry around and use. We therefore generally study the world using maps and atlases.

Source J: Courtesy of Earthlings Can Do Anything



Globe



Maps



- (a) What is the definition of the term globe?

_____ [1]

- (b) State **TWO** similarities of maps and globes.

 _____ [2]

- (c) Describe **THREE** professionals whose jobs requires using a map and how each makes use of the map.

 _____ [3]



- (d) 'A map is a better tool than a globe to learn about the earth.' Do you agree or disagree with this statement? Explain your answer fully.

[4]

[5] _____



Question D (VI) Caring for the Elderly

Study sources **K** and **L** and then answer **ALL** questions.

Source K: An excerpt from article 'More Elderly are forced to Seek State Assistance'

Increasing segments of the country's older population are being forced to seek Government assistance because they are being neglected, abused, abandoned and ostracized by their families, Minister of Social Services and Community Development, the Hon. Melanie Griffin said Wednesday. We must endeavor to ensure that older persons throughout our country are engaged, empowered and provided for. Ageing, like other stages of life, has its challenges and rewards.

Source L: Courtesy of Bahamas Local



- (a) What is another name for the elderly?

_____ [1]

- (b) List **TWO** homes for the elderly in The Bahamas.

_____ [2]

- (c) Describe **THREE** ways people can care for the elderly.

_____ [3]



- (d) 'The elderly can still meaningfully contribute to The Bahamas.' Do you agree or disagree with this statement? Explain your answer fully.

[4]



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